

3rd Grade Reading and Language Arts Competencies and Progressions--GP1

The purpose of this document is to clarify what students should know and be able to do in Quarter 1.

The **Competencies** listed in the table below are developed from the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS) for that grade level. The chart defines which quarter the Competency is reported (Q1 = Grading Period 1, Q2 = Grading Period 2, etc.).

Teachers will report on the competencies using the **Grading Progressions** which are comprised of four proficiency levels (developing (DV), progressing (PG), and proficient (PF)) and defines the knowledge and skills students will master on their pathway to proficiency. The Grading Progressions for each Competency are below the yearlong outline of the Competencies. The Grading Progressions define what a student knows and is able to do related to that competency at the end of a unit or quarter. To see what success on each individual competency looks like in a particular unit, please see the **Public Overview** document for the course.

Students who receive a mark of "**Proficient**" meet the grade level expectation for that Competency.

Competencies	GP 1	GP 2	GP3	GP4
RC1—Analysis of Literary Plots	V	V	V	V
The student analyzes the story by thinking about how the events work together in the plot.	Х	X	X	X
RC2—Characters and Theme in Literary Text				
The student analyzes the relationships and interactions of characters to infer the theme of literary texts.	Х	x	x	Х
RC3—Central Idea and Details in Informational/Argumentative Texts				
The student infers the author's central idea/claim in informational and argumentative texts by thinking about the		Х	Х	Х
details and text features.				
RC4 Text Structure and Author's Purpose in Informational/Argumentative Texts				
The student analyzes the informational and argumentative texts by thinking about the text structures and			Х	Х
author's purpose.				
RC5—Response to Reading				
The student discusses, writes, and provides text evidence to show how they comprehend text.	Х	X	Х	X



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RC6—Analysis of Author's Craft				
The student analyzes the authors' craft choices and how they influence and communicate meaning within	Х	Х	Х	Х
texts.				
WC7— Purpose				
The student communicates meaning in their writing.	X	Х	Х	Х
WC8—Genre & Structure				
The student's writing reflects the typical features and structures of the genre in which they write.	X	Х	Х	Х
WC9—Details & Voice	v	Y		
The student's use of details and voice enhance the meaning of their writing.	X	Х	Х	X
WC10—Conventions				
The student uses spelling, punctuation marks and grammar conventions correctly in their writing.	Х	Х	Х	Х

Evidence can be gathered throughout the designated grading periods and can be collected through (but not limited to):

- Explicit Teach
- Guided practice
- Guided reading and small group instruction
- Independent reading and conferring
- Independent writing and conferring



Learning Progression for Reading Competency 1: Analysis of Literary Plots (GP1-GP4)

The student analyzes literary plots.

Note: At this competency, students are able to analyze plot elements using different levels of text.

Developing	Progressing	Proficient	Advanced
 Retells the general plot elements including: Characters Main conflict Resolution One important event Setting 	 Retells the plot elements including: Characters Main conflict Resolution Multiple important events Setting Knows which details about plot and conflict are significant Describes the importance of setting 	 Recognizes and analyzes (breaks down) the plot element and discusses how parts connect to others: Characters Main conflict Resolution Multiple important events Setting Ex: How does the conflict connect to the important event? Knows which details about plot and conflict are significant Identifies that there are multiple problems in a story that can affect the main problem (GP2-GP4) Explains the impact of the setting on plot 	Explains how a character's interactions with others and the events cause the character to change Evaluates the significance of the setting in the story Identifies that there are multiple problems in a story that can affect the main problem (GP1) Analyzes literary plots using more complex text



Learning Progression for Reading Competency 2: Characters and Theme in Literary Text (GP1)

The student analyzes characters, their relationships and interactions, and infers the theme of literary texts.

Developing	Progressing	Proficient	Advanced
Identifies general character traits (internal or external)	 Identifies the character's internal and external traits and feelings: noticing what the character says, does and thinks, and thinks about how this helps them 	Explains how a character's feelings change and the events that cause the changes Describes the relationships between characters	 Identifies and interprets several less obvious character traits and feelings that reveal a character's complexity such as but not limited to: showing the traits, thoughts, or feelings that contradicts showing both positive and negative sides of the character's personality
			Explains relationships between major and minor characters, including how their relationship affects or is important to the story



Learning Progression for Reading Competency 5: Response to Reading (GP1-GP4)

The student discusses and writes about texts, supporting ideas with text evidence. ** This competency should be assessed in conjunction with other competencies.**

Developing	Progressing	Proficient	Advanced
Responds using general	Retells or paraphrases texts	Retells or paraphrases texts in ways that	Writes responses that demonstrate
language		maintain meaning and logical order	understanding of texts, including
	Uses notetaking, annotating,		comparing and contrasting ideas
Demonstrates general idea	freewriting, illustrating, or	Uses notetaking, annotating, freewriting,	across two texts
about the text	questioning to track thinking in one	illustrating, or questioning to track thinking in	
	way	multiple ways	Effectively explains connections
Misrepresents ideas in the text			between well-chosen text evidence
	Describes personal connections to a	Writes responses that demonstrate	and the central idea of the
Response is not connected or	variety of texts	understanding of texts	response
loosely connected to the ideas			
in the text	Responds using academic language	Responds using academic language, including	
		newly acquired content vocabulary	
Relies solely on background	Discusses specific ideas in the text		
knowledge rather than texts to	that are important to the meaning	Makes inferences and uses relevant text	
support thinking		evidence to support responses	
	Finds text evidence to support		
	responses, but has difficulty	Explains connections between the text	
	selecting the <i>best</i> evidence	evidence selected and the central idea of the	
		response	



Learning Progressions for Reading Competency 6: Analysis of Author's Craft (GP1-GP4)

The student analyzes the authors' craft choices and how they influence and communicate meaning within texts. ***Note: This competency should be used in conjunction with other competencies.*

Developing	Progressing	Proficient	Advanced
Identifies the topic the author is	Identifies the topic, but misinterprets	Infers the author's purpose and message	Evaluating the effectiveness of
writing about	author's purpose	within a text supporting it with text	the author's use of craft
		evidence	
Discusses the use of text structure	Explains the impact of how text		
with prompting	structure contributes to the text with	Explains how the use of text structure	
	some prompting	contributes to the author's purpose within	
Discusses the use of print and graphic		the text	
features with prompting	Makes general explanations of the		
	use of print and graphic features	Explains how the use of print and graphic	
Recognizes descriptive, figurative, or		features are used to achieve specific	
interesting language	Notices some descriptive, figurative,	purposes	
	or interesting language but is		
	confused about its purpose	Notices and explains author's purpose for	
		descriptive, figurative, or interesting	
	Notices some uses of punctuation	language to communicate meaning or	
	but is confused with its purpose	mood within the text	
	Makes general explanations of voice	Notices and discusses interesting uses of	
	within text, but may require some	punctuation to communicate meaning	
	prompting	within texts	
		Explains how language contributes to the	
		overall voice of the text	



Learning Progressions for Writing Competency 7: Purpose (GP1-GP4)

The student communicates meaning in their writing.

** This progression is assessed partially through writing conferences asking questions such as:

- What are you going to say about your topic?
- What are you trying to say? What point are you trying to make?

Developing	Progressing	Proficient	Advanced
Uses the writing process	Uses the writing process	Uses the writing process	Uses knowledge of the genre chosen
		 prewrite, draft, revise, publish to 	to help convey meaning
Unclear or confused about the	Chooses a purpose for writing	ensure that purpose is clearly	
meaning they want to		communicated	Includes features and elements in
communicate	Knows what they want to say about		their writing found in a higher-grade
	their topic, but they have not	Chooses a message to share as their purpose	level of the Literacy Continuum.
Unclear or confused about their	communicated their meaning in	with others	
audience	the writing		Refer to the writing process section –
		Explains their message to others	Purpose and Audience to select goals
	Identifies their audience but has		for students.
	not made any decisions in their	Communicates meaning in their writing	
	writing based on their audience		
		Meaning influences other decisions they	
		make in composing their writing	
		tale of the second stress of the stress stress	
		Identifies an audience for their writing	
		Purposefully includes decisions in their	
		writing for identified audience	



Learning Progressions for Writing Competency 8: Genre & Structure (GP1) The student's writing reflects the typical features and structures of the genre in which they write.

Developing	Progressing	Proficient	Advanced
Developing Personal Narratives: Uses the writing process Follows a basic narrative plot structure (<i>but may lose focus</i>): • Beginning • Middle • End	ProgressingPersonal Narratives:Uses the writing processAttempts to stay focused on the moment in timeUnderstands/follows a general narrative plot structure• Beginning • Middle • End	Personal Narratives:Uses the writing processStays focused on the moment in timeUnderstands and follows a narrative plotstructure including (but not limited to):Ex:• Beginning: conflict could be introduced• Middle: shows how the story unfolds• End: the conflict could be resolved	AdvancedPersonal Narratives:Stays focused on the moment in time and messageUses transitions to show connections between the scenesAttempts to build tension or suspense for the readerFocuses on one or more scenes
	Middle		
		of significance or that they are passionate about?	



Learning Progressions for Writing Competency 9: Details & Voice (GP1) The student's use of details and voice enhance the meaning of their writing.

Developing	Progressing	Proficient	Advanced
Personal Narrative:	Personal Narrative:	Personal Narrative:	Personal Narrative:
Contains few details	Includes general details	Writes with a range of genre-specific	Includes specific, relevant details in
		details and examples:	their piece that enhance idea or
Lists details	Uses general and repetitive words	dialogue	purpose
		 character's thoughts, feelings, and 	
Uses some punctuation	Uses similar sentence structures in	actions	Details may create imagery at times
	sentence after sentence	 description of characters 	through a variety of ways including
		 description of setting 	figurative language and sensory details
		Details may create imagery at times.	Word choice is purposeful and precise
		Uses specific words in their details such as	in their details
		(but not limited to):	
		 descriptive adjectives 	
		action verbs	
		Uses punctuation to support voice such as	
		(but not limited to):	
		• ellipse	
		• dash	
		• !!! or ?!?! - Repetition of	
		punctuation marks	



Learning Progressions for Writing Competency 10: Conventions (GP1—GP4) The student uses spelling, punctuation marks and grammar conventions correctly in their writing.

Developing	Progressing	Proficient	Advanced
Finds and corrects some errors using available resources	Edits using available resources to correct most errors	Drafts using correct spelling, punctuation, and language usage and uses available resources to correct mistakes	Reflects on past convention errors and does not make the same mistakes Explains how the edits improve the writing
 reread writing use available resources (check! First Grading Period use simple sentences with sub use coordinating conjunctions Second Grading Period use plural nouns in their writin use apostrophes in their writin use verbs in their writing to she use adverbs in their writing to capitalize proper nouns in thei write a compound sentence us Third Grading Period use complete compound sentence use complete sentence us use an apostrophe to show wh use apostrophes to show either 	to form compound subjects and predica g to show more than one person, place, g to show ownership ow time: past, present, and future show when something happened, happ r writing to emphasize names of places, ing a comma and an: <i>and</i> , <i>or</i> , <i>so</i> , <i>or but</i> ences with subject-verb agreement tences erson, and ownership in their writing ere letters are squeezed out in their wr r ownership or contraction in their writ	s, dictionaries, etc.) to improve writing ates , or thing ens, will happen or how something happe holidays, titles of people with names to join two sentences	



3rd Grade ELA Competencies and Progressions

Developing	Progressing	Proficient	Advanced		
use prepositional phrases in the	 use prepositional phrases in their writing to tell where, when, and which one 				
Fourth Grading Period					
 use adjectives in their writing: comparative and superlative forms 					
Use prepositions and prepositional phrases in their writing					
Use pronouns in their writing: subjective, objective, and possessive					
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